

BEGIN - JANUARY 24, 1960

A67WX (INCOME AND SENATE REPORT)
(430) ADVANCE FOR 6:30 P.M. EST TODAY
SOVIET LEADERS
BY LEWIS GULICK

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, JAN. 24 (AP)-A SENATE REPORT TODAY PICTURED NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV AS RULING RUSSIA THROUGH A VAST BUREAUCRACY WITH HELP FROM AN INNER CIRCLE OF FIVE CLOSE ASSOCIATES. THE REPORT ON HOW RUSSIA IS GOVERNED WAS ISSUED BY THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON NATIONAL POLICY MACHINERY IN ITS SERIES OF STUDIES ON POLICYMAKING IN OTHER COUNTRIES.

CHAIRMAN HENRY M. JACKSON (D-WASH) SAID THE REPORT, WHICH INCLUDED DATA FROM U.S. INTELLIGENCE, SHOWS "HOW THE SOVIETS ARE ORGANIZED TO DRIVE FOR THE GOAL OF NO. 1 POWER IN THE WORLD." BUT HE SAID AMERICAS NEED NOT FEAR FOR THE FUTURE IF IT USES ITS "AMPLE RESOURCES ... BOLDLY AND SKILFULLY."

THE STUDY PORTRAYED THE COMMUNIST PARTY AS THE GUIDING FORCE IN THE SOVIET UNION, WITH ADMINISTRATION CARRIED OUT THROUGH GOVERNMENT MACHINERY.

PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV WAS SEEN FIRMLY IN THE SADDLE BOTH AS FIRST SECRETARY OF THE PARTY AND AS CHAIRMAN OF THE GOVERNMENT'S COUNCIL OF MINISTERS. THE REPORT ADDED:

"FROM HIS VANTAGE POINT AT THE HEAD OF THE PARTY AND GOVERNMENT HIERARCHIES, KHRUSHCHEV IS CLEARLY THE DOMINANT FIGURE IN THE SOVIET RULING GROUP AND IS IN A STRONG POSITION TO INSIST ON HIS POINT OF VIEW IN THE COUNCILS OF STATE.

"HOWEVER, IT IS CHARACTERISTIC OF KHRUSHCHEV'S PERSONALITY--BY NATURE HE IS GREGARIOUS, EXTROVERTED, AND GARRULOUS--AND HIS STYLE OF LEADERSHIP, THAT HE DOES NOT RULE IN THE HIGHHANDED FASHION OF STALIN.

"KHRUSHCHEV APPEARS TO DELEGATE FAR GREATER RESPONSIBILITIES TO HIS SUBORDINATES, TO PLACE MORE CONFIDENCE IN THEM, AND TO TAKE FAR GREATER ACCOUNT OF THEIR OPINIONS.

"THUS, WHILE HE POSSESSES SUPREME POWER, HIS LIEUTENANTS PLAY AN IMPORTANT ROLE IN THE FORMULATION OF SOVIET POLICY AND THE GENERAL ADMINISTRATION OF THE SOVIET STATE."

THE REPORT SAID THE INFLUENCE OF MEMBERS OF THE 14-MAN PRESIDIUM OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE, "THE SUPREME POLICYMAKING BODY IN THE U.S.S.R.," DEPENDS ON HOW CLOSE THEY ARE TO KHRUSHCHEV. THE CLOSEST, IT SAID, WERE FIRST DEPUTY PREMIERS ANASTAS I. MIKOYAN AND FROL R. KOZLOV AND PARTY SECRETARIES ALEXI I. KIRICHENKO AND AVERKY B. ARISTOV.

"THESE MEN, ALONG WITH PARTY SECRETARY MIKHAIL A. SUSLOV, WHOM KHRUSHCHEV APPEARS TO REGARD MORE AS A VALUABLE POLITICAL AND PROFESSIONAL ASSET THAN AS AN INTIMATE FRIEND, FORM THE INNER CIRCLE OF TOP POLICYMAKERS IMMEDIATELY BELOW KHRUSHCHEV IN POWER AND INFLUENCE," THE REPORT SAID.

MIKOYAN WAS DESCRIBED AS KHRUSHCHEV'S CLOSEST ADVISER IN FOREIGN AFFAIRS AND INFLUENTIAL ON DOMESTIC ECONOMIC PROBLEMS TOO.

KOZLOV WAS RANKED "HIGH IN KHRUSHCHEV'S FAVOR--HE REPORTEDLY IS SELECTED AS (KHRUSHCHEV'S) SUCCESSOR."

KIRICHENKO WAS RECENTLY OUSTED FROM THE INNER CIRCLE, FOR UNANNOUNCED REASONS. THE SENATE STUDY WAS MADE BEFORE THIS EVENT.

THE REPORT SAW THE OVERALL SOVIET SYSTEM AS RUN BY MEN, NOT LAWS, UNDER KHRUSHCHEV'S DOMINATION, WITH ELECTIONS AND CONGRESSES AS PROPAGANDA TRAPPINGS.

30.24-9857

IT PORTRAYED THE MILITARY AS VOICELESS IN SOVIET POLITICAL POLICY-MAKING, RESTRICTED TO "PURELY MILITARY ADVICE" AND NOT MAKING THE DECISIONS IN "THE ISSUE OF WAR OR PEACE."

CZ&EG421PES

A25WX (520)

ADVANCE FOR 630PM EST TODAY

DEFENSE-BUDGET

BY JERRY T. BAULCH

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, JAN. 24 (AP)-TAKING ISSUE WITH SOME OF HIS COLLEAGUES, SEN. LEVERETT SALTONSTALL (R-MASS) DECLARED TODAY "I DO NOT AGREE THAT THERE IS THIS GREAT MISSILE GAP."

SALTONSTALL, THE SENIOR REPUBLICAN ON THE SENATE ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEE, THUS GAVE SUPPORT TO THE NEW PENTAGON VIEW THAT THERE IS "NO DETERRENT GAP" IN OVER-ALL U. S. MILITARY STRENGTH AS COMPARED TO RUSSIA.

"WE ARE AHEAD OF THE RUSSIANS IN THE GENERAL OPINION ON CERTAIN PARTS OF THE MISSILE PROBLEM," HE SAID. "WHERE THEY ARE AHEAD OF US IS IN THE QUESTION OF THRUST. NOW THEY HAVE A GREATER THRUST THAN WE HAVE BECAUSE THEY WENT AT IT SOONER."

IN A TAPED RADIO INTERVIEW (RADIO NEWS CONFERENCE), THE MASSACHUSETTS SENATOR BACKED MOST OF THE ADMINISTRATION'S DEFENSE PLANS AS OUTLINED IN THE NEW BUDGET FOR THE FISCAL YEAR STARTING JULY 1. BUT SALTONSTALL CRITICIZED WHAT HE DESCRIBED AS A SLIGHT NEGLECT IN KEEPING THIS

COUNTRY PREPARED TO DEAL WITH LIMITED WAR.

THE PROBLEM OF BRUSH WARS IS ONE THING CONGRESS WILL CERTAINLY GO INTO, SALTONSTALL SAID. HE SAID THIS WOULD INCLUDE "THE QUESTION OF AIRLIFT FOR THE ARMY AND THE QUESTION OF ENOUGH RESERVES FOR THE ARMY AND WHETHER THE ARMY TODAY IS SPREAD OUT TOO THIN IN OUR PERIMETERS OF DEFENSE LIKE JAPAN AND EUROPE AND TURKEY."

THERE HAVE BEEN COMPLAINTS THAT NOT ENOUGH PLANES ARE AVAILABLE TO GLY SUFFICIENT TROOPS QUICKLY TO TROUBLE SPOTS. AND PROTESTS HAVE BEEN RAISED OVER ATTEMPTS TO CUT DOWN THE SIZE OF THE ACTIVE RESERVE, PARTICULARLY SINCE 8 OF THE 14 ARMY COMBAT DIVISIONS ARE DEPLOYED OVERSEAS.

SALTONSTALL SAID THERE HAS BEEN TOO MUCH OF A TENDENCY TO "PUT IN THE BACKGROUND THE NEW PROCUREMENT OF THE BEST WEAPONS FOR OUR GROUND FORCES." INSTEAD, HE SAID, CONCENTRATION HAS BEEN ON "RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT AND OPERATION OF STRATEGIC WEAPONS--THE BIG BOMBERS, ICBM MISSILES AND THAT SORT OF WEAPON."

SALTONSTALL DID NOT SAY WHAT THE BASIS WAS FOR HIS BELIEF THAT THERE IS NO GREAT MISSILE GAP BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND RUSSIA. NOR DID HE INDICATE WHETHER HE AGREED WITH THE METHOD BY WHICH SECRETARY OF DEFENSE THOMAS S. GATES JR. CONCLUDED THAT "THERE IS NO GAP IN U. S. CAPABILITY TO DETER RUSSIA FROM STARTING A GENERAL WAR."

GATES SURPRISED CONGRESS MEMBERS LAST WEEK WHEN HE SAID PRIOR ESTIMATES OF SOVIET MISSILE AND MILITARY POWER HAD BEEN REVISED DOWNWARD BY BASING THEM ON "WHAT THE SOVIET UNION PROBABLY WOULD DO, AS OPPOSED TO FORMER ESTIMATES WHICH WERE MADE ON WHAT THEY ARE CAPABLE OF DOING."

SEN. LYNDON B. JOHNSON (TEX), THE SENATE DEMOCRATIC LEADER, YESTERDAY CALLED THIS A DANGEROUS METHOD FOR ESTIMATING SOVIET POWER. OTHERS IN CONGRESS ALSO EXPRESSED SKEPTICISM ABOUT THIS UNORTHODOX METHOD OF GUAGING AN ENEMY.

THE NEW INTELLIGENCE ASSESSMENT WAS DEFENDED TODAY BY BUDGET DIRECTOR MAURICE STANS IN A TV INTERVIEW (ABC-COLLEGE NEWS CONFERENCE). STANS PUT IT IN THESE WORDS, HOWEVER:

"THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY AND THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE HAS RECOGNIZED THAT THE ESTIMATES OF CAPABILITY THAT WERE DEVELOPED A YEAR AGO WERE MUCH GREATER THAN ANY PROBABILITY OF RUSSIAN ACTION. THEY HAVE REVISED THOSE ESTIMATES THIS YEAR TO TAKE INTO ACCOUNT WHAT THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY KNOWS OF WHAT IS GOING ON IN RUSSIA. "IT IS A MUCH MORE REALISTIC APPROACH TO THE PROBLEM AND IT SHOWS VERY CLEARLY THAT THERE IS NO DETTERENT GAP, AS SECRETARY GATES HAS SO WELL SAID."

STANS SAID THE UNITED STATES HAD DONE A BETTER JOB THAN THE RUSSIANS IN THE SCIENTIFIC EXPLORATION OF OUTER SPACE UNTIL NOW "AND OUR ONLY GAP BETWEEN US AND THEM IS THE FACT THAT THEY HAVE A BIGGER ENGINE THAN WE DO."

"THE REASON THEY HAVE A BIGGER ENGINE THAN WE DO," HE SAID, "IS SIMPLY BECAUSE WE DEVELOPED THE CAPACITY TO BUILD A SMALLER ATOMIC WEAPON WITH A GREATER BANG THAN THEIRS AND DO IT WITH A SMALLER CARRIER."

SALTONSTALL REJECTED A SUGGESTION OF ONE INTERVIEWER THAT EISENHOWER HAD TURNED HIS BACK "IN A HUFF" ON RENOWNED MILITARY MEN WHO HAVE TAKEN ISSUE WITH HIM, SUCH AS THE RECENTLY RETIRED ARMY CHIEF OF STAFF, GEN. MAXWELL TAYLOR.

BUT SALTONSTALL SAID HE THOUGHT GATES TOOK "ONE OF THE GREATEST STEPS" IN LEADERSHIP IN ASKING THAT HE BE NOTIFIED WHEN THERE IS A DIFFERENCE OF OPINION BETWEEN THE MEMBERS OF THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF.

"NOW, THAT'S CARRYING OUT OUR PRACTICE IN HAVING A CIVILIAN AT THE TOP AND HAVING A CIVILIAN MAKE THE DECISIONS AND HAVING IT MADE QUICKLY," THE SENATOR SAID. "YOU KNOW AND I KNOW THAT IF THERE IS A FIRE IN OUR HOUSE THE QUICKER WE GET TO IT THE BETTER CHANCE WE HAVE OF PUTTING IT OUT."

SALTONSTALL DEFENDED THE ADMINISTRATION'S DECISION TO GET A CONVENTIONAL POWERED AIRCRAFT CARRIER RATHER THAN THE NUCLEAR POWERED CARRIER CONGRESS AUTHORIZED. HE SAID THE MONEY COULD BETTER BE USED FOR ANTI-SUBMARINE WARFARE.

THE SENATOR ALSO BACKED THE ADMINISTRATION'S DECISION NOT TO GO AHEAD WITH DEVELOPMENT OF THE B70 SUPERBOMBER. HE SAID IT WOULD NOT BE READY FOR FOUR OR FIVE YEARS AND IN THE MEANTIME WOULD BE COMPETING WITH THE DEVELOPMENT OF MISSILES.

REP. CHARLES A. HALLECK (IND.), THE HOUSE REPUBLICAN LEADER, DEFENDED EISENHOWER'S DEFENSE BUDGET IN AN INTERVIEW TAPED FOR MASSACHUSETTS RADIO AND TV STATIONS. HE SAID:

"IF IT BECAME APPARENT THAT WE OUGHT TO SPEND MORE MONEY FOR NATIONAL DEFENSE, WHY WE'D SPEND IT. ... I THINK THE PRESIDENT WOULD BE THE FIRST TO RECOMMEND THAT SPENDING."

"BUT WHAT HE IS TRYING TO DO IS BALANCE OUT THE STRENGTH OF OUR ARMED FORCES IN THE FIELD WITH THE MAINTENANCE OF A STRONG FUNCTIONING ECONOMY AT HOME, AND I THINK HE'S DONE VERY WELL."

(EDS: FOLLOWING THREE GRAFS FOR 9:30 P.M. EST USE)
SEN. ESTES KEFAUVER (D-TENN), IN ANOTHER TAPED RADIO-TV INTERVIEW (WTTG), CALLED FOR GREATER DEFENSE AND SPACE SPENDING.

"I THINK THE DEFENSE OF OUR COUNTRY COMES FIRST," HE SAID, "AND SO I THINK MORE MONEY OUGHT TO BE SPENT ON SPACE EXPLORATION, AND I AM NOT CONVINCED THAT SOME OF THESE VERY SUBSTANTIAL DEFENSE CUTS ... ARE JUSTIFIED. I THINK WE ARE TRIMMING TOO MUCH JUST TO MEET THE BUDGET IN CONNECTION WITH DEFENSE."

KEFAUVER MENTIONED SPECIFICALLY THE PROPOSED LOPPING OFF OF FIVE WINGS OF THE STRATEGIC AIR COMMAND.

CZ848PES

A101WX

(280) SHARP

WASHINGTON, JAN. 24 (AP)-DUDLEY C. SHARP, SECRETARY OF THE AIR FORCE DENIED TODAY THAT "WE ARE GUESSING SOVIET INTENTIONS" UNDER REVISED U. S. INTELLIGENCE PROCEDURES.

SECRETARY OF DEFENSE THOMAS S. GATES JR. TOLD CONGRESSMEN INTELLIGENCE ESTIMATES NOW ARE BEING BASED "ON WHAT THE SOVIET UNION PROBABLY WOULD DO, AS OPPOSED TO FORMER ESTIMATES WHICH WERE MADE ON WHAT THEY ARE CAPABLE OF DOING".

APPEARING ON A TELEVISION PROGRAM (CBS-FACE THE NATION) TODAY, SHARP WAS ASKED MANY QUESTIONS ABOUT THIS APPROACH AND ONE INTERVIEWER INQUIRED:

"CAN WE READ SOVIET MINDS OR ARE WE IN A GUESSING GAME WITH OUR LIVES AT STAKE."

SHARP REPLIED:

"I DON'T THINK IT'S A GUESSING GAME AT ALL."

SHARP INSISTED "IT IS NOT A NEW WAY" OF HANDLING INTELLIGENCE REPORTS ALTHOUGH HE DID NOT DENY GATES' APPRAISAL OF THE METHOD AS NOW APPLIED.

THE AIR SECRETARY EXPRESSED FULL CONFIDENCE IN THE U. S. INTELLIGENCE PROCEDURES AND CAPABILITIES.

REMINDED THAT FORMER SECRETARY OF DEFENSE NEIL MCELROY TESTIFIED A YEAR AGO THAT RUSSIA MIGHT MOVE TO A 3-1 SUPERIORITY IN LONG-RANGE NUCLEAR WEAPONS, SHARP SAID "IF THERE IS A GAP IT WILL BE SMALLER THAN THAT". HE DECLINED TO GIVE ANY MORE DETAILED ESTIMATE.

ASKED AGAIN IF HE FELT IT WAS SAFE TO BASE AMERICAN DEFENSE PLANS ON A "BEST INFORMED GUESS" ABOUT COMMUNIST INTENTIONS, SHARP SAID HE FEELS IT IS "REASONABLY SAFE TO BASE OUR DEFENSE" ON THE OVER-ALL INTELLIGENCE OUTPUT, TAKING INTO ACCOUNT BOTH CAPABILITIES AND PROBABLE INTENT OF THE POTENTIAL ENEMY.

FOLLOWING THE FREQUENTLY EXPRESSED ADMINISTRATION VIEWS, SHARP DISCOUNTED THE IMPORTANCE OF ANY COMPARATIVE COUNTS OF AMERICAN LONG RANGE MISSILES VS RUSSIAN ICBM'S. WHAT IS IMPORTANT, HE INSISTED, IS THAT "REGARDLESS OF HOW MANY (MISSILES) WE MAY HAVE ... THERE IS NO OVER-ALL GAP IN (AMERICAN) DETERRENT" CAPABILITIES.

AT ANOTHER POINT, SHARP SAID "I DON'T THINK WE ARE IN A NUMBERS RACE TO MATCH MISSILE FOR MISSILE" WITH THE RUSSIANS. BUT, HE ADDED, LONG RANGE MISSILES HAVE THE "NO. 1 PRIORITY IN THE COUNTRY" UNDER PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S PROGRAM.

IN RESPONSE TO A QUESTION, SHARP SAID HE IS THE LARGEST STOCKHOLDER IN THE MISSION MANUFACTURING CO. OF HOUSTON, TEXAS. BUT WHEN ASKED WHETHER HE FELT THERE WAS ANY CONFLICT OF INTEREST, HE ANSWERED:

"ABSOLUTELY NOT. WE DON'T SELL ANYTHING TO THE GOVERNMENT. WE MAKE EQUIPMENT PRIMARILY FOR THE OIL PETROLEUM INDUSTRY, AND IT IS HIGHLY COMPETITIVE..."

AN INTERVIEWER SAID HE UNDERSTOOD SOME UNIONS INVOLVED IN A LABOR DISPUTE AT THE MISSION PLANT HAD PETITIONED CONGRESS NOT TO APPROVE SHARP'S NOMINATION TO THE SECRETARY'S POST. SHARP SAID "I HAD HEARD THAT RUMOR. I HAVEN'T SEEN THE PETITIONS."

SHARP WENT ON TO SAY HE IS A BELIEVER IN LABOR UNIONS BUT THAT WHEN A STRIKE CAME "I FELT VERY STRONGLY THAT I SHOULD DO WHAT I COULD ALONG WITH SEVERAL HUNDRED OF THE SALARIED EMPLOYEES OF THE COMPANY AND SUPERVISORY EMPLOYEES TO CONTINUE TO SERVE OUR CUSTOMERS, AND I DID HELP IN THIS CONNECTION."

THE SECRETARY SAID A CHARGE OF UNFAIR LABOR PRACTICES HAS BEEN FILED BY THE UNION AGAINST THE COMPANY AND CONCLUDED:

"THERE IS A HEARING COMING UP, I THINK TOMORROW, AND THIS IS THE DUE PROCESS OF LAW. I UNDERSTAND OUR COMPANY THINKS IT HASN'T INDULGED IN UNFAIR LABOR PRACTICE, AND THE UNION THINKS THAT IT HAS, AND THIS IS THE COURT THAT WILL DECIDE THESE THINGS."

EG906PES

A172

FIRST LEAD KISHI (170)
BY KENNETH ISHII

TOKYO (MONDAY), JAN. 25 (AP)—PRIME MINISTER NOBUSUKE KISHI SAID TODAY THE NEW U.S.-JAPAN SECURITY TREATY ALLOWS THE UNITED STATES TO DEPLOY MILITARY SUPPLIES FROM JAPAN TO ANY FAR EAST CONFLICT AREA WITHOUT CONSULTING TOKYO.

KISHI, WHO RETURNED YESTERDAY FROM THE TREATY SIGNING CEREMONY IN WASHINGTON, MADE THE STATEMENT AT A NEWS CONFERENCE.

"AS I UNDERSTAND IT," KISHI SAID, "THE PRIOR CONSULTATION PROVISIONS APPLY ONLY TO DEPLOYMENT ABROAD OF AMERICAN COMBAT FORCES IN JAPAN FOR PURPOSES OF MILITARY ACTION."

"THE PROVISION DOES NOT APPLY TO THE MOVEMENT OF MILITARY SUPPLIES OUTSIDE JAPAN, NOR DOES IT APPLY TO THE QUANTITATIVE STRENGTH THAT THE UNITED STATES CHOOSES TO MAINTAIN AT ITS BASES IN JAPAN," HE CONTINUED.

IT WAS THE CLEAREST STATEMENT KISHI HAS MADE TO NEWSMEN ON AN ISSUE THAT HAS AROUSED INTEREST IN TOKYO AND WASHINGTON.

THE PREMIER ALSO INDICATED JAPAN HAS VIRTUAL VETO POWER OVER MOVEMENT OF AMERICAN COMBAT FORCES FROM JAPAN BASES TO OTHER FAR EAST AREAS.

KISHI MUST WIN PARLIAMENT'S RATIFICATION OF THE TREATY HE SIGNED JAN. 19 AND BEAT OFF EFFORTS OF THE OPPOSITION SOCIALISTS AND SOME AMBITIOUS MEMBERS OF HIS OWN PARTY TO FORCE HIM FROM OFFICE.

KISHI RETURNED HOME YESTERDAY.

GRINNING AND WAVING TO 13,500 PERSONS PACKING TOKYO INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT, KISHI CALLED THE PACT "A BULWARK OF FREEDOM AND PEACE." IN AN OBVIOUS REFERENCE TO COMMUNISM, HE DENOUNCED THE CONTINUING "TOTALITARIAN OFFENSIVE" AND ITS THREATS OF FORCE THE TREATY IS DESIGNED TO COUNTERACT.

THE PACT BINDS THE UNITED STATES TO DEFEND JAPAN AND PROVIDES FOR U.S. BASES IN JAPAN FOR AT LEAST ANOTHER 10 YEARS.

KISHI SAID PRESIDENT EISENHOWER HAD PLEDGED THE UNITED STATES "WOULD TAKE NO ACTION CONTRARY TO THE WISHES OF THE JAPANESE GOVERNMENT" ON THE ISSUE OF CONSULTING WITH TOKYO BEFORE DEPLOYING TROOPS FROM JAPANESE BASES.

KISHI'S WELCOME HOME CONTRASTED WITH HIS DEPARTURE FOR THE UNITED STATES JAN. 16 WHEN HE TOOK BACK ROADS TO THE AIRPORT TO ELUDE LEFTIST STUDENTS WHO CLASHED WITH POLICE WHILE DEMONSTRATING AGAINST THE TREATY.

FOR HOURS BEFORE HIS ARRIVAL TODAY BUSES HIRED BY HIS CONSERVATIVE LIBERAL-DEMOCRATIC PARTY HAULED SUPPORTERS TO THE AIRPORT CARRYING BANNERS PROCLAIMING "WELCOME HOME KISHI! WE WELCOME THE NEW SECURITY PACT."

SIGNS ALONG THE HIGHWAY OUTSIDE READ "HALT RED AGGRESSION WITH THE SECURITY TREATY" AND "THE NEW SECURITY PACT PROTECTS OUR LIVES."

LEFTISTS WERE BARRED FROM THE AIRPORT BUT THREE RIGHTIST GROUPS, INCLUDING ONE UNDER INVESTIGATION IN CONNECTION WITH THE RECENT SMEARING OF SWASTIKAS IN JAPAN, WERE ADMITTED TO THE GROUNDS.

KISHI'S BIG TEST WILL COME WHEN THE PACT IS DEBATED IN PARLIAMENT, PROBABLY NEXT MONTH.

ALTHOUGH RATIFICATION IS EXPECTED, ICHIRO KONO AND LEADERS OF OTHER FACTIONS WITHIN THE LIBERAL-DEMOCRATIC PARTY MAY DEMAND KISHI STEP DOWN AS THE PRICE OF THEIR SUPPORT.

THE OPPOSITION SOCIALISTS ARE CALLING FOR NEW NATIONAL ELECTIONS BEFORE THE TREATY COMES UP FOR A VOTE IN PARLIAMENT. WITH ONLY 165 SEATS IN THE LOWER HOUSE TO THE LIBERAL-DEMOCRATS' 290, THE SOCIALISTS CANNOT BY THEMSELVES BLOCK APPROVAL OF THE PACT.

RED CHINA DENOUNCED THE PACT AGAIN TODAY AS "A NEW PLOT OF AGGRESSION."

"PREPARATION FOR WAR," PEIPING RADIO SAID QUOTING RED CHINA'S OFFICIAL PEOPLES DAILY. "JAPANESE MILITARISM WILL BE REARMED. IT WILL ... ASSIST IN ALL U.S. AGGRESSION."

30.24-9859

AT JUST ABOUT THE TIME KISHI CAME HOME, JAPAN'S NEWEST POLITICAL GROUP, THE DEMOCRATIC SOCIALIST PARTY -- DEDICATED TO NEUTRALISM AND PARLIAMENTARY TYPE SOCIALISM AND TO OPPOSING RADICALISM, VIOLENCE AND COMMUNISM -- CAME INTO BEING.

IT IMMEDIATELY ADOPTED A RESOLUTION CALLING FOR DISSOLUTION OF THE LOWER HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND GENERAL ELECTIONS BEFORE THE NEW PACT IS RATIFIED.

IN HIS INAUGURAL ADDRESS, PARTY CHAIRMAN SUEHIRO NISHIO PLEDGED THAT HIS PARTY WOULD TAKE OVER THE GOVERNMENT IN FIVE YEARS. THE NUCLEUS OF THE DEMOCRATIC SOCIALIST PARTY, PATTERNED AFTER DEMOCRATIC SOCIALIST PARTIES IN WESTERN EUROPE, IS MADE UP OF 53 DEPUTIES WHO BOLTED THE LEFT-WING DOMINATED JAPAN SOCIALIST PARTY LAST OCTOBER.

THE DISSIDENTS CHARGED THE PARTY WAS CONTROLLED BY LEFTISTS AND REPEATEDLY SWAYED AWAY FROM DEMOCRATIC PARLIAMENTARY PROCEDURES. TODAY, NISHIO, 68, LIFE-LONG LABOR LEADER AND ADVOCATE OF PARLIAMENTARY TYPE SOCIALISM AND DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER IN A COALITION CABINET IN 1948, APPEALED TO 813 DELEGATES TO BE "TOLERANT TOWARD THOSE WITH DIFFERENT IDEAS."

R430PES

A159

(220)

BY WILLIAM N. OATIS
UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., JAN 24-(AP)—THE SOVIET UNION, CRITICAL OF BELGIAN RULE IN TROUBLED RUANDA-URUNDI, HAS STRONG BACKING IN A BID TO GET ON A U.N. INSPECTION TEAM THAT WILL GO TO THAT EAST AFRICAN TRUST TERRITORY.

IF THE EFFORT SUCCEEDS, IT WILL BE THE FIRST TIME A RUSSIAN EVER HAS SERVED ON THE VISITING MISSIONS THE U.N. TRUSTEESHIP COUNCIL SENDS PERIODICALLY TO REPORT ON CONDITIONS IN TRUST TERRITORIES IN AFRICA AND THE PACIFIC.

THE COUNCIL WILL PICK A FOUR-MEMBER MISSION TO RUANDA-URUNDI AND BRITISH-RULED TANGANYIKA AND ITS TWO-WEEK 25TH SESSION STARTING HERE TOMORROW.

THE SOVIET UNION AND THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC ARE THE CANDIDATES OF MOST OF THE SEVEN MEMBERS THAT DO NOT ADMINISTER TRUST TERRITORIES, SAID A DELEGATE IN THAT GROUP. NEW ZEALAND AND THE UNITED STATES ARE THE CANDIDATES OF THE SEVEN COUNTRIES THAT DO, REPORTED A DIPLOMAT FROM ONE OF THE SEVEN. THE INDICATIONS ARE THAT THERE WILL BE NO CONTEST, AND THAT THE UNITED STATES WILL NOT OBJECT TO THE SOVIET CANDIDACY.

THE MISSION PROBABLY WILL LEAVE NEW YORK BETWEEN FEB. 15 AND 25. THE 1959 GENERAL ASSEMBLY ASKED THE COUNCIL TO GET IT ON THE WAY EARLY SO IT COULD REPORT BACK AT THE COUNCIL'S MAY SESSION ON "THE CAUSES OF THE RECENT DISTURBANCES" IN RUANDA-URUNDI.

THE RESOLUTION THE ASSEMBLY PASSED WAS RECOMMENDED BY ITS TRUSTEESHIP COMMITTEE LAST NOVEMBER AFTER FIGHTING BETWEEN BAHUTU AND WATUSI TRIBESMEN IN RUANDA-URUNDI TOOK A DEATH TOLL THAT SOME REPORTS PUT IN THE HUNDREDS. IN THE FACE OF BELGIAN DISCLAIMERS, SOVIET DELEGATE B. G. MARTIROSYAN TOLD THE COMMITTEE THE OUTBREAK WAS AN "ANTI-COLONIAL" REACTION TO BELGIAN EFFORTS TO "CRUSH THE NATIONAL MOVEMENT."

HF21952PES

A154

CAIRO, JAN 24-(AP)-CAIRO NEWSPAPERS SAID TODAY UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC LEADERS TOLD U.N. SECRETARY GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD THEY STILL ARE DETERMINED TO KEEP ISRAELI SHIPS FROM USING THE SUEZ CANAL.

THE MORNING NEWSPAPERS AL AHRAH AND AL AKHBAR DECLARED ISRAEL CANNOT USE THE CANAL UNTIL AGREEMENT IS REACHED ON IMPLEMENTATION OF ALL U.N. RESOLUTIONS ON PALESTINE.

THE PAPERS SAID PRESIDENT NASSER MADE THIS CLEAR TO HAMMARSKJOLD DURING THE LATTER'S BRIEF VISIT TO CAIRO LAST WEEK.
HF931PES

A11

TOKYO, JAN. 24 (AP)-PRIME MINISTER NE WIN OF BURMA ARRIVED IN COMMUNIST CHINA TODAY ON AN OFFICIAL VISIT. PEIPING RADIO REPORTED HE WAS GREETED AT PEIPING AIRPORT BY HOST PREMIER CHOU EN-LAI.

LATER, AT A BANQUET IN NE WIN'S HONOR, CHOU SAID FRIENDLY RELATIONS BETWEEN BURMA AND HIS COUNTRY HAVE DEVELOPED IN THE PAST DECADE.

THE CHINESE PREMIER'S STATEMENT AS BROADCAST, DID NOT REFER TO THE BORDER QUESTION BETWEEN THE TWO COUNTRIES BUT INDICATED HE WAS WILLING TO NEGOTIATE. AT ISSUE ARE THREE VILLAGES CLAIMED BY CHINA, A VALLEY IN THE NAMWAN AREA, AND 80 SQUARE MILES IN WA STATE.

NE WIN CALLED FOR FURTHER STRENGTHENING OF FRIENDLY RELATIONS BETWEEN HIS NEUTRALIST COUNTRY AND COMMUNIST CHINA.

"LET BURMA AND CHINA, WHICH HAVE MANY COMMON AIMS AND OBJECTIVES, BUILD TOGETHER THE GREAT EDIFICE OF ETERNAL FRIENDSHIP ON THE BASIS OF THOROUGH UNDERSTANDING DEVOID OF SUSPICION AND FEAR," NE WIN WAS QUOTED AS SAYING BY PEIPING RADIO.

WH744PES

A9

BERLIN, JAN. 24 (AP)-A COMMUNIST COURT AT COTTBUS, EAST GERMANY, HAS SENTENCED TWO GERMAN SISTERS TO JAIL ON CHARGES OF SPYING FOR BRITAIN. FRIEDA KUBAN GOT 12 YEARS IN PRISON. HER SISTER, IDENTIFIED ONLY AS FRAU KLETZKE, GOT A 5-YEAR TERM. THE REPORT WAS CARRIED BY THE COMMUNIST DAILY LAUSITZER RUNDSCHAU, RECEIVED HERE TODAY.

GG/RA1211PES

960